

Human PLAC9 ELISA Kit

(Catalog Number: 31990)

For the quantitative determination of human PLAC9 concentrations in serum, plasma or cell culture supernate samples

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INTRODUCTION

Placenta-specific protein 9 (PLAC9) is a putative secreted protein highly enriched in placenta¹. It plays a major role in embryonic development. During human embryogenesis, PLAC9 levels were upregulated at 8-9 weeks². PLAC9 was found to be involved in protein interactions in human liver³. Overexpression of PLAC9 inhibited cell proliferation capacity in hepatic cells by modifying cell cycle related proteins⁴.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay is a quantitative sandwich enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA). The microtiter plate is pre-coated with a rabbit polyclonal antibody specific for human PLAC9. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and any human PLAC9 present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, a biotin labelled polyclonal antibody specific for human PLAC9 is added to the wells. After wash step to remove any unbound reagents, streptavidin-horseradish peroxidase conjugate (STP-HRP) is added. After the last wash step, an HRP substrate solution is added and color develops in proportion to the amount of human PLAC9 bound initially. The assay is stopped, and the optical density of the wells determined using a microplate reader. Since the increases in absorbance are directly proportional to the amount of captured human PLAC9, the unknown sample concentration can be interpolated from a reference curve included in each assay.

INTENDED USE

This Human PLAC9 ELISA kit is designed for quantification of human PLAC9 in serum, plasma and cell culture supernate samples.

REAGENTS SUPPLIED

Each kit is sufficient for one 96-well plate and contains the following components:

- 1. Microtiter Strips (96 wells), coated with a polyclonal antibody against human PLAC9, sealed
- 2. 10×Wash buffer, 50 mL
- 3. 5×Assay buffer, 20 mL
- 4. 100×Detection antibody solution, a biotin-labelled polyclonal antibody against human PLAC9, 0.12 mL
- 5. Human PLAC9 standard, 10 ng of recombinant human PLAC9, lyophilized
- 6. 200×STP-HRP solution, 0.06 mL
- 7. Substrate solution, 12 mL, ready for use
- 8. Stop solution, 12 mL, ready for use

OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED, BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Pipettes and pipette tips
- 2. 96-well plate or manual strip washer
- 3. Buffer and reagent reservoirs
- 4. Paper towels or absorbent paper
- 5. Plate reader capable of reading absorbency at 450 nm

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6. Distilled water or deionized water

STORAGE

The kit should be stored at 2-8°C upon receipt, and all reagents should be equilibrated to room temperature before use. Remove any unused antibody-coated strips from the human PLAC9 microtiter plate, return them to the foil pouch and re-seal. Once opened, the strips may be stored for up to one month at 2-8°C.

PREPARATION OF REAGENTS

Bring all reagents and materials to room temperature before assay.

A. 1×Assay buffer

Prepare 1×Assay buffer by mixing the 5×Assay buffer (20 mL) with 80 mL of distilled water or deionized water. If precipitates are observed in the 5×Assay buffer bottle, warm the bottle in a 37°C water bath until the precipitates disappear. 1×Assay buffer may be stored for up to one month at 2-8°C.

B. 1×Wash buffer

Prepare 1×Wash buffer by mixing the 10×Wash buffer (50 mL) with 450 mL of distilled water or deionized water. If precipitates are observed in the 10×Wash buffer bottle, warm the bottle in a 37°C water bath until the precipitates disappear. 1×Wash buffer may be stored for up to one month at 2-8°C.

C. 1×Detection antibody solution

Spin down the 100×Detection antibody solution briefly and dilute the desired amount of the antibody 1:100 with 1×Assay buffer, 100 μL of the 1×Detection antibody solution is required per well. Prepare only as much 1×Detection antibody solution as needed. Return the 100×Detection antibody solution to 2-8°C immediately after the necessary volume is removed.

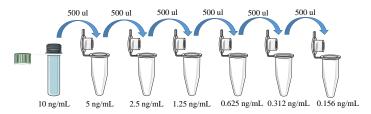
D. 1×STP-HRP solution

Spin down the $200\times STP$ -HRP solution briefly and dilute the desired amount of the $200\times STP$ -HRP solution 1:200 with $1\times Assay$ buffer, $100~\mu L$ of the $1\times STP$ -HRP solution is required per well. Prepare only as much $1\times STP$ -HRP solution as needed. Return the $200\times STP$ -HRP solution to $2-8^{\circ}C$ immediately after the necessary volume is removed.

PREPARATION OF STANDARDS AND SAMPLES

Human PLAC9 Standards: Reconstitute the lyophilized standard with 1 mL of $1\times Assay$ buffer to generate a standard stock solution of 10 ng/mL. Allow the standard to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Prepare serially diluted standards using $1\times Assay$ buffer as shown below.

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1×Assay buffer serves as the zero standard (0 ng/mL). The reconstituted standard stock should be aliquoted and frozen at -80°C for one month. Avoid repeating freezing/thawing cycles. Please do not store the diluted standard solutions.

Sample Preparation:

Serum or plasma sample generally requires a **2-fold** dilution in 1×Assay buffer. It is recommended that the users establish their own dilution factors based on the concentration range of their samples.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

It is recommended that all standards and samples be assayed in duplicate.

- Add 100 μL of standard or sample per well, incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.
- 2. Discard the content and tap the plate on a clean paper towel to remove residual solution in each well. Add 300 μL of 1×Wash buffer to each well and incubate for 1 minute. Discard the 1×Wash buffer and tap the plate on a clean paper towel to remove residual wash buffer. Repeat the wash step for a total 3 washes.
- 3. Add 100 μ L of 1×Detection antibody solution to each well, incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.
- 4. Wash each well 3 times as described in step 2.
- 5. Add 100 μL of 1×STP-HRP solution to each well, incubate at room temperature for 20 minutes.
- 6. Wash each well 4 times as described in step 2.
- 7. Add 100 µL of Substrate solution to each well, incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes. **Protect from light.**
- 8. Add 100 μL of Stop solution to each well, mix well by gently tapping the plate.
- 9. Measure absorbance of each well at 450 nm immediately.

CALCULATION

- 1. Subtract the absorbance of the blank from that of standards and samples.
- 2. Generate a standard curve by plotting the absorbance obtained (y-axis) against human PLAC9 concentrations (x-axis). The best fit line can be generated with any curve-fitting software by regression analysis. Any curve of 4-parameter or log-log curve fitting can be used for calculation.
- 3. Determine human PLAC9 concentration of samples from standard curve and multiply the value by the dilution factor.

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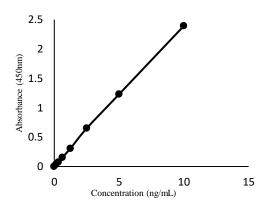
TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE

The following standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve

should be generated for each set of sample assay.

Human PLAC9 (ng/mL)	Absorbance (450 nm)	Blanked Absorbance
0	0.108	0
0.156	0.126	0.018
0.312	0.157	0.049
0.625	0.306	0.198
1.25	0.648	0.540
2.5	1.107	0.999
5	1.584	1.476
10	2.192	2.084

Human PLAC9 standard curve



ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS

A. Sensitivity

The lowest level of human PLAC9 that can be detected by this assay is 0.156 ng/mL.

REFERENCES

- 1. Galaviz-Hernandez C., et al., (2003) Gene, 309(2):81-9
- 2. Yi H., et al., (2010) FASEB J., 24(9): 3341–3350
- 3. Xue L., et al., (2011) Int J Biol Sci, 7(7):1068-1076
- 4. Wang J., et al., (2011) Mol Syst Biol., 7: 536

SUMMARY OF ASSAY PROCEDURE

Add 100 µL of Standard or sample to each well. Incubate at room temperature for 1 hour. Aspirate and wash each well three times. Add 100 µL of 1×Detection antibody solution to each well. Incubate at room temperature for 1 hour. Aspirate and wash each well three times. Add 100 µL of 1×STP-HRP solution to each well. Incubate at room temperature for 20 minutes. Aspirate and wash each well four times. Add 100 µL of Substrate solution to each well. Incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes. Add 100 µL of Stop solution to each well. Measure absorbance of each well at 450 nm. Calculation